SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Power light not on	Power at outlet	Verify proper voltage and polarity at the outlet. Verify power cord is plugged into the outlet.
	Fuse blown on circuit board	Replace fuse / Check for short
	Faulty wiring	Inspect / Repair stove wiring
	Faulty circuit board	Replace circuit board
One or both blowers do not run in test mode	Power at outlet	Verify proper voltage and polarity at the outlet
	Feed rate / Test mode knob out of alignment	Verify when knob is turned fully clockwise the knob arrow points to "6"
	Blower fan blade obstructed	Remove / Clean obstruction from blower fan blade
	Faulty blower motor	Verify that when corresponding light on the control is lit there is voltage to the blower motor. If voltage is present and the blower will not run, replace the blower motor.
	Faulty wiring	Inspect / Repair wiring
	Faulty circuit board	Both combustion and distribution blowers should run on high for approx. 1 minute after turning the feed rate knob to test mode. After 1 minute the blowers will alternate between high and low every minute. When one blower is on high the other blower will be on low. The blower lights on the control board will burn bright when that blower is on high and dim when that blower is on low. Verify proper control operation.
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Feed motor will not run in test mode.	Low draft	Install draft meter and verify draft settings. The draft differential switch must have at least17" W.C. to close and allow power to the feed motor.
Feed motor will only run for the first minute after turning the unit to test mode	Faulty differential switch	After verifying draft readings are correct, jump differential switch. Turn unit to test mode. If the feed motor runs check for obstruction in differential switch tube. If no obstruction and the draft readings are correct, replace the differential switch.
	Faulty feed motor	Verify when the feed motor light on the control is on voltage is present at the feed motor. If voltage is present and the feed motor will not run, replace the feed motor.
	Faulty wiring	Inspect / Repair stove wiring
	Faulty circuit board	Verify when the stove is turned to test mode the feed motor light is lit for 1 minute. Verify voltage to the motor when the feed motor light is lit
Stove will not light in Auto. All motors run in test mode.	Fuel problem	Verify there are pellets in the burn pot. Turn the stove to test to purge pellets into the burn pot if necessary. Check that pellets are dry and in good condition.
	Draft problem	Connect draft meter and verify draft readings.
	Dirty stove and venting	Clean stove and venting. Check for clogged holes in the burn pot. Clean area under the burn pot where the igniter is located. Clean igniter.
	Back draft damper sticking	Verify that back draft damper located in the air inlet moves freely.
	Temp dial setting	Set temp dial above room temperature. The stove will not light unless the temp dial is at least 2 degrees above the room sensing probe temperature.
continued	Low voltage	Verify voltage and polarity at the outlet. Low voltage will cause the igniter temperature to be low.

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Stove will not light in Auto.	Faulty room sensing probe	Verify room sensing probe is installed correctly. Check for a four blink status.
All motors run in test mode. continued	radity room sensing proce	The stove will not light in auto and room temp with a four blink status error. Check for loose room sensing probe connections. Install or replace room sensing probe.
	Faulty ESP probe	Replace ESP probe
	Faulty igniter	Check if igniter is getting hot when igniter light on the control is lit. The igniter is wired through the draft differential switch. Check if voltage is present to the igniter when the igniter light on the control is lit. Check the resistance of the igniter. Resistance should be 50 - 54 ohms. Replace igniter if needed.
	Faulty draft differential switch	The draft differential switch will not close allowing voltage to the igniter if the draft is less than17"W.C. If the draft readings are correct and jumping the differential switch allows the stove to light, check for obstruction in the differential switch tube. Replace differential switch if needed.
	Obstruction in feeding system	Check for obstruction in hopper, feeder and auger tube.
	Faulty wiring	Inspect / Repair wiring from the control to the igniter.
	Faulty circuit board	If everything above checks out correctly and no voltage to the igniter, replace the circuit board.
Erratic operation.	Power at the outlet	Verify proper voltage and polarity at the outlet
	Faulty ESP probe	Replace ESP probe
	Faulty wiring	Inspect / Repair stove wiring
	Faulty room sensing probe	Check connections and location of room sensing probe. Replace room sensing probe if needed.
	Faulty circuit board	Verify proper control operation. Replace circuit board if not controlling properly.
Stove burns properly. Distribution blower will not run. *NOTE: Distribution blower	Power at the outlet	Verify proper voltage and polarity at the outlet.
	Stove in manual and stove temp mode	With the control set to manual and stove temp mode and the temp dial set to 5 or less, the distribution blower will not operate. This allows you to view a fire without blowing heat into the room.
will not come on until ESP probe senses approx. 155	Dirty stove and venting	Clean the stove and venting
degrees.*	Faulty distribution blower	Verify distribution blower spins freely. If voltage is present at the distribution blower and the blower will not run, replace blower motor.
	Faulty ESP probe	Verify probe is clean. Replace probe if needed.
	Faulty wiring	Inspect / Repair stove wiring.
	Faulty circuit board	Verify when the distribution blower light on the control board is lit, voltage is present to the distribution blower.
Stove burns properly. Stove	Power at the outlet	Verify voltage and polarity at the outlet.
will not shut down when turned to off. *NOTE: The stove will continue to feed until the ESP probe senses approx. 250 degrees. The combustion blower will run until the ESP probe senses 90 degrees.*	Mode selector knob out of alignment	Turn the mode selector knob fully clockwise. Verify the pointer is at the "H" on room temp. Re-set knob if needed. Verify the status light goes out when the knob is turned to off.
	Stove in two blink status	Stoves with a feeder position micro switch, check for proper operation of the micro-switch. Stoves without a feeder position micro-switch check for missing or loose jumper at J2 on the control board. The stove will not shut down while in a two blink status error.
	Faulty ESP probe	If the stove is cold and continues to run clean / replace ESP probe
	Faulty wiring	Inspect / Repair stove wiring
	Faulty circuit board	Replace circuit board

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Feed motor does not run after	Power problem	Verify proper voltage and polarity at the outlet.
ignition. (Feed motor runs in test mode)	Draft problem	Install draft meter and verify draft readings. At least17" W.C. needed to close the differential switch and allow power to the feed motor.
	Obstruction in food quotom	· ·
	Obstruction in feed system	Check for obstruction in feeder and auger tube.
	Faulty Esp probe.	Clean / Replace ESP probe
	Faulty circuit board	Replace circuit board
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Stove does not burn correctly	Dirty stove / venting	Clean stove and venting. Install draft meter and verify draft readings.
	Fuel problem	Verify pellets are dry and are in good condition.
	Feed rate setting	Verify feed rate setting. A setting of 3 to 4 works best for most pellets.
	Back draft damper sticking	Verify the back draft damper located in the air inlet is moving freely. If outside air is installed verify pipe is not obstructed.
	Obstruction in feed system	Check for obstruction in the hopper, feeder and auger tube
	Faulty ESP probe	Clean / Replace ESP probe
	Faulty circuit board	Verify proper control operation. Replace circuit board if needed.
Stove noisy when feed motor is running	Slide plate	Check for obstruction in slide plate area. Check for burrs on slide plate and in the feeder housing. Check for evidence of wear on slide plate. Verify the slide plate is not warped or damaged.
	Faulty feed motor	Remove feed motor and connect directly to 120 volts to check for noisy gears.
	Cam bearing	Verify cam bearing is traveling on pusher arm properly. Adjust or replace the cam bearing.
	Pillow block bearings	Verify the pillow block bearings are seated in the housing. Check for fines or dirt in the bearings. Adjust or replace pillow block bearings.
	Auger	Check for obstruction in the auger. Verify auger is not rubbing inside the feeder tube. Verify auger bearing retaining bolts are tight and the auger is not at angle in the auger tube. If the auger bearing is causing the noise, replace the auger.
Draft readings are not normal	Dirty stove / Venting	Clean stove and venting. Re-check draft readings.
	Air inlet damper sticking	Verify air inlet damper is moving freely. If outside air is installed check for obstruction in pipe.
	Venting configuration	Verify proper venting configuration. Change venting if needed.
	Faulty combustion blower	Check that fan blade is tight on combustion blower motor shaft. Check operation of combustion blower. Replace combustion blower if needed.
	Faulty circuit board	Check for proper control operation. Replace circuit board if needed.